Math 3

**Division of Polynomials** 

Divide f(x) by d(x) by using long division, and write a summary statement in polynomial form and fraction form.

1. 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 14x + 31$$
;  $d(x) = x + 10$  2.  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 44$ ;  $d(x) = x - 6$ 

2. 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 44$$
;  $d(x) = x - 6$ 

3. 
$$f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 36x + 42$$
;  $d(x) = x + 7$ 

4. 
$$f(x) = 3x^3 - 14x^2 - 22x + 70$$
;  $d(x) = 3x + 7$ 

Tell whether or not d(x) is a factor of f(x).

5. 
$$f(x) = 4x^3 + 50x^2 + 105x + 56$$
;  $d(x) = x + 10$ 

Tell whether or not d(x) is a factor of f(x).

6. 
$$f(x) = x^3 + 13x^2 + 42x + 54$$
;  $d(x) = x + 9$ 

Divide f(x) by d(x) by using synthetic division, and write a summary statement in polynomial form and fraction form.

7. 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 36$$
;  $d(x) = x - 5$ 

7. 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 36$$
;  $d(x) = x - 5$  8.  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 4x^2 - 5$ ;  $d(x) = x + 3$ 

9. 
$$f(x) = x^3 - 13x^2 + 40x + 18$$
;  $d(x) = x - 7$ 

10. 
$$f(x) = x^3 + 7x^2 + 14x + 3$$
;  $d(x) = x + 2$